1	REAL PROPERTY RECORDING AMENDMENTS
2	2008 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Dennis E. Stowell
5	House Sponsor: Stephen H. Urquhart
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7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses the recording of documents concerning real property.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 addresses policies and procedures established by a county recorder;
13	requires a county recorder to endorse a document upon acceptance, instead of upon
14	receipt;
15	addresses a tenancy by the entirety;
16	requires an affidavit concerning a terminated interest in real property due to death to
17	be accompanied by a government-issued document certifying the death;
18	 forbids certain documents from being presented for recording;
19	 allows the governor or governor's designee to record a notice of acknowledgment of
20	an R.S. 2477 right-of-way, with supporting documentation; and
21	makes technical changes.
22	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
23	None
24	Other Special Clauses:
25	None
26	Utah Code Sections Affected:
27	AMENDS:
28	17-21-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 211
29	17-21-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 268

	S.B. 92 Enrolled Copy
80	57-1-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 236
31	57-1-5.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 268
32	57-3-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 268
3	57-3-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 268 and 287
4	72-5-309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 9
5 6	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
7	Section 1. Section 17-21-1 is amended to read:
	17-21-1. Recorder Document custody responsibility Electronic submission
	procedures and guidelines.
	The county recorder:
	(1) is custodian of all recorded documents and records required by law to be recorded;
	(2) shall establish policies and procedures that the recorder considers necessary to
	protect recorded documents and records in the recorder's custody, including determining the
	appropriate method for the public to obtain copies of the public record under Section 17-21-19
	and supervision of those who search and make copies of the public record; and
	(3) may establish procedures and guidelines to govern the electronic submission of
	plats, records, and other documents to the county recorder's office consistent with Title 46,
	Chapter 4, Uniform Electronic Transactions Act.
	Section 2. Section 17-21-12 is amended to read:
	17-21-12. Recording procedures Endorsements of entry number required on
	documents.
2	(1) [Hf] When a document is accepted by the recorder's office for recording, the
	recorder shall:
	(a) endorse upon the first page of the document an entry number and the time when the
	document was [received] accepted, noting the year, month, day, hour, and minute of its
	reception, and the amount of fees for recording it; and
,	(b) record the document during office hours in the order it was accepted.

(2) Each county recorder shall place an entry number or a book and page reference on each page of a document that the recorder accepts for recording only if the original document or a copy of the document is kept as a public record under Section 17-21-3.

- (3) (a) A county recorder may[, but is not required to,] endorse each document that the recorder accepts for recording with a book and page reference.
- (b) If a county recorder elects not to endorse a document with a book and page reference, the book and page reference may be omitted:
 - (i) in each index required by statute; and
 - (ii) on each document presented for recording that is required to recite recording data.
- (4) Subject to Section 17-21-3, the county recorder shall return the document to the person that the recorder considers appropriate.
- Section 3. Section **57-1-5** is amended to read:

- 57-1-5. Creation of joint tenancy presumed -- Tenancy in common -- Severance of joint tenancy -- Tenants by the entirety.
- (1) (a) Beginning on May 5, 1997, every ownership interest in real estate granted to two persons in their own right who are designated as husband and wife in the granting documents is presumed to be a joint tenancy interest with rights of survivorship, unless severed, converted, or expressly declared in the grant to be otherwise.
- (b) Every ownership interest in real estate that does not qualify for the joint tenancy presumption as provided in Subsection (1)(a) is presumed to be a tenancy in common interest unless expressly declared in the grant to be otherwise.
- (2) (a) Use of words "joint tenancy" or "with rights of survivorship" or "and to the survivor of them" or words of similar import means a joint tenancy.
- (b) Use of words "tenancy in common" or "with no rights of survivorship" or "undivided interest" or words of similar import declare a tenancy in common.
- (3) A sole owner of real property creates a joint tenancy in himself and another or others:
 - (a) by making a transfer to himself and another or others as joint tenants by use of the

S.B. 92 Enrolled Copy

86	words as provided in Subsection (2)(a); or
87	(b) by conveying to another person or persons an interest in land in which an interest is
88	retained by the grantor and by declaring the creation of a joint tenancy by use of the words as
89	provided in Subsection (2)(a).
90	(4) In all cases, the interest of joint tenants shall be equal and undivided.
91	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), if a joint tenant makes a bona fide
92	conveyance of the joint tenant's interest in property held in joint tenancy to himself or another,
93	the joint tenancy is severed and converted into a tenancy in common.
94	(b) If there is more than one joint tenant remaining after a joint tenant severs a joint
95	tenancy under Subsection (5)(a), the remaining joint tenants continue to hold their interest in
96	joint tenancy.
97	(6) The amendments to this section in Chapter 124, Laws of Utah 1997 have no
98	retrospective operation and shall govern instruments executed and recorded on or after May 5,
99	1997.
100	(7) Tenants by the entirety are considered to be joint tenants.
101	Section 4. Section 57-1-5.1 is amended to read:
102	57-1-5.1. Termination of an interest in real estate Affidavit.
103	(1) Joint tenancy, tenancy by the entirety, life estate, or determinable or conditional
104	interest in real estate may be terminated by an affidavit that:
105	(a) meets the requirements of Subsection (2); and
106	(b) is recorded in the office of the recorder of the county in which the affected property
107	is located.
108	(2) Each affidavit required by Subsection (1) shall:
109	(a) cite the interest [which] that is being terminated;
110	(b) contain a legal description of the real property that is affected;
111	(c) reference the entry number and the book and page of the instrument creating the

(d) if the termination is the result of a death, have attached as an exhibit, a copy of the

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interest to be terminated; and

114	death certificate or other document [witnessing] issued by a governmental agency certifying the
115	death.
116	(3) The affidavit required by Subsection (1) may be in substantially the following form:
117	"Affidavit
118	State of Utah)
119) ss
120	County of)
121	I, (name of affiant), being of legal age and being first duly sworn, depose and state as
122	follows:
123	(The name of the deceased person), the decedent in the attached certificate of death or
124	other document witnessing death is the same person as (the name of the deceased person)
125	named as a party in the document dated (date of document) as entry in book,
126	page in the records of the (name of county) County Recorder.
127	This affidavit is given to terminate the decedent's interest in the following described
128	property located in County, State of Utah: (description of the
129	property).
130	Dated this,
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132	(Signature of affiant)
133	Subscribed to and sworn before me this day of,
134	
135	
136	Notary public"
137	Section 5. Section 57-3-105 is amended to read:
138	57-3-105. Legal description of real property and names and addresses required in
139	documents.
140	(1) Except as otherwise provided by statute, a person may not present a document for
141	recording unless [it] the document complies with [the requirements of] this section.

S.B. 92 Enrolled Copy

142 (2) A document executed after July 1, 1983, is entitled to be recorded in the office of 143 the recorder of the county in which the property described in the document is located only if the 144 document contains a legal description of the real property [affected]. 145 (3) (a) A document conveying title to real property presented for recording after July 1, 146 1981, is entitled to be recorded in the office of the recorder of the county in which the property 147 described in the document is located only if the document contains the names and mailing 148 addresses of the grantees in addition to the legal description required under Subsection (2). 149 (b) The address of the management committee may be used as the mailing address of a 150 grantee as required in Subsection (3)(a) if the interest conveyed is a timeshare interest as 151 defined by Section 57-19-2. 152 (4) A person may not present and a county recorder may refuse to accept a document 153 for recording if the document does not conform to [the requirements of] this section. 154 (5) Notwithstanding Subsections (2), (3), and (4), a master form, as defined in Section 155 57-3-201, that does not meet the requirements of Subsections (2) and (3) is entitled to be 156 recorded in the office of the recorder of the county in which the property described in the 157 master form is located if it complies with Part 2, Master Mortgage and Trust Deeds. 158 Section 6. Section **57-3-106** is amended to read: 159 57-3-106. Original documents required -- Captions -- Legibility. 160 (1) A person may not present and a county recorder may refuse to accept a document 161 for recording if the document does not comply with this section. 162 [(1)] (2) (a) Unless otherwise provided, [documents] a document presented for 163 recording in the office of the county recorder shall: 164 (i) be [originals] an original; 165 (ii) contain a brief caption on the first page of the document stating the nature of the 166 document; and 167 (iii) contain a legal description of the property as required under Section 57-3-105. 168 (b) If a document is a master form, as defined in Section 57-3-201, the caption required

by Subsection [(1)] (2)(a)(ii) shall state that the document is a master form.

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170	[(2)] (3) A court judgment or an abstract of a court judgment presented for recording in
171	the office of the county recorder in compliance with Section 78-22-1 shall:
172	(a) be an original or certified copy; and
173	(b) include the information identifying the judgment debtor as referred to in Subsection
174	78-22-1.5(4) either:
175	(i) in the judgment or abstract of judgment; or
176	(ii) as a separate information statement of the judgment creditor as referred to in
177	Subsection 78-22-1.5(5).
178	[(3) Judgments, abstracts of judgments, and separate information statements]
179	(4) A judgment, abstract of judgment, and separate information statement of the
180	judgment creditor [do] does not require an acknowledgment or a legal description to be
181	recorded.
182	[(4)] (5) A foreign judgment or an abstract of a foreign judgment recorded in the office
183	of a county recorder shall include the affidavit as required in Section 78-22a-3.
184	[(5)] (6) Any document recorded in the office of the county recorder to release or
185	assign a judgment lien shall include:
186	(a) the name of any judgment creditor, debtor, assignor, or assignee;
187	(b) the date of recording; and
188	(c) the entry number of the instrument creating the judgment lien.
189	[(6) Documents] (7) A document presented for recording shall [also] be sufficiently
190	legible for the recorder to make certified copies of the document.
191	[(7)] (8) (a) (i) A document that is of record in the office of the appropriate county
192	recorder in compliance with this chapter may not be recorded again in that same county
193	recorder's office unless the original document has been reexecuted by all parties who executed
194	the document.
195	(ii) Unless exempt by statute, <u>an</u> original [documents] <u>document</u> that [are] <u>is</u> reexecuted
196	[must also] shall contain the appropriate acknowledgment, proof of execution, jurat, or other
197	notarial certification for all parties who are reexecuting the document as required by Title 46,

S.B. 92 Enrolled Copy

198	Chapter 1, Notaries Public Reform Act, and Title 57, Chapter 2, Acknowledgments.
199	(iii) [Documents] A document submitted for rerecording shall contain a brief statement
200	explaining the reason for rerecording.
201	(b) A person may not present and a county recorder may refuse to accept a document
202	for rerecording if that document does not conform to [the requirements of] this section.
203	(c) This Subsection [(7)] <u>(8)</u> applies only to documents executed after July 1, 1998.
204	[(8)] (9) Minor typographical or clerical errors in a document of record may be
205	corrected by the recording of an affidavit or other appropriate instrument.
206	[(9)] (10) Subject to federal bankruptcy law, neither the recordation of an affidavit
207	under Subsection [(8)] (9) nor the reexecution and rerecording of a document under Subsection
208	[(7) shall] <u>(8)</u> :
209	(a) [divest] divests a grantee of any real property interest; [or]
210	(b) [alter] alters an interest in real property; or [return]
211	(c) returns to the grantor an interest in real property conveyed by statute.
212	Section 7. Section 72-5-309 is amended to read:
213	72-5-309. Acceptance of rights-of-way Notice of acknowledgment required.
214	(1) The governor or the governor's designee may assess whether the grant of the R.S.
215	2477 has been accepted with regard to any right-of-way so as to vest title of the right-of-way in
216	the state and the applicable political subdivision as provided for in Section 72-5-103.
217	(2) If the governor or governor's designee concludes that the grant has been accepted as
218	to any right-of-way, the governor or a designee shall issue a notice of acknowledgment of the
219	acceptance of the R.S. 2477 grant as to that right-of-way.
220	(3) A notice of acknowledgment of the R.S. 2477 grant shall include:
221	(a) a statement of reasons for the acknowledgment;
222	(b) a general description of the right-of-way or rights-of-way subject to the notice of
223	acknowledgment, including the county in which it is located, and notice of where a center-line

description derived from Global Positioning System data may be viewed or obtained;

(c) a statement that the owner of the servient estate in the land over which the

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226 right-of-way or rights-of-way subject to the notice runs or any person with a competing 227 dominant estate ownership claim may file a petition with the district court for a decision regarding the correctness or incorrectness of the acknowledgment; and 228 229 (d) a statement of the time limit provided in Section 72-5-310 for filing a petition. (4) (a) (i) [A notice of acknowledgment may be recorded] The governor or the 230 231 governor's designee may record a notice of acknowledgment, and any supporting affidavit, map, 232 or other document purporting to establish or affect the state's property interest in the 233 right-of-way or rights-of-way, in the office of the county recorder in the county where the 234 right-of-way or rights-of-way exist. 235 (ii) (A) A notice of acknowledgment recorded in the county recorder's office is not required to be accompanied by a paper copy of the center-line description. 236 237 (B) A paper copy of each center-line description together with the notice of 238 acknowledgment shall be placed in the state archives created in Section 63-2-901 and made 239 available to the public upon request in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 2, Government 240 Records Access and Management Act. 241 (C) An electronic copy of the center-line description identified in a notice of 242 acknowledgment shall be available upon request at: 243 (I) the county recorder's office; or 244 (II) the Automated Geographic Reference Center created in Section 63F-1-506. 245 (b) A notice of acknowledgment recorded in the county recorder's office is conclusive 246 evidence of acceptance of the R.S. 2477 grant upon: 247 (i) expiration of the 60-day period for filing a petition under Section 72-5-310 without 248 the filing of a petition; or

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(ii) a final court decision that the notice of acknowledgment was not incorrect.